

# Determining the number of particles

## Avogadro's Number

$$6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles} = 1 \text{ mole}$$

### Particle Types:

$$\frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles}}$$

- atoms Ag, Cu, He
- ions  $\text{Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ ,  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$
- cov. -- molecules  $\text{O}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{CO}_2$
- ionic -- formula units NaCl,  $\text{CaSO}_4$

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## Converting to number of representative particles and back to moles

How many formula units are in 3.50 moles of NaCl?

$$3.50 \text{ mol NaCl} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ form. u. NaCl}}{1 \text{ mol NaCl}} = 2.107 \times 10^{24} \text{ form. u. NaCl}$$

$$3.5 \times 6.02 \begin{matrix} \boxed{2nd} \\ EE \\ \boxed{3} \end{matrix} 23$$

$$2.11 \times 10^{24} \text{ form. u. NaCl}$$

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## Converting to number of representative particles and back to moles

How many molecules are in 5.25 moles of water?

$$5.25 \text{ mol H}_2\text{O} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molec. H}_2\text{O}}{1 \text{ mol H}_2\text{O}} = 3.1605 \times 10^{24}$$

$$3.16 \times 10^{24} \text{ molec. H}_2\text{O}$$

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## Converting to number of representative particles and back to moles

How many moles are in  $4.78 \times 10^{22}$  atoms of Ag?

$$\frac{10^{22}}{10^{23}} = 10^{-1}$$

$$4.78 \times 10^{22} \text{ atoms Ag} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Ag}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms Ag}} = .0794019$$

$$.0794 \text{ mol Ag}$$

$$(4.78 \times 10^{22}) / (6.02 \times 10^{23})$$

$$7.94 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mol Ag}$$

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## Molar Mass

Molar mass: mass of a compound or molecule in grams per mole

- use the periodic table to get the atomic mass/molar mass
- represents the number of grams in 1 mole
- converts from grams to moles

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## Molar Mass

Determine the molar mass of the following compounds/molecules.

1.  $\text{CaCO}_3$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Ca} = 1 \times 40 = 40 \text{ g/mol} \\ \text{C} = 1 \times 12 = 12 \text{ g/mol} \\ \text{O} = 3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ g/mol} \end{array} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{Ca} \\ \text{C} \\ \text{O} \end{array}} \right) 100 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

2. strontium hydroxide  $\text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Sr} = 1 \times 88 = 88 \text{ g/mol} \\ \text{O} = 2 \times 16 = 32 \text{ g/mol} \\ \text{H} = 2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ g/mol} \end{array} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \text{Sr} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{H} \end{array}} \right) 122 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

3. chlorine gas  $\text{Cl}_2$

$$\text{Cl} = 2 \times 35 = 70 \text{ g/mol}$$

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## Converting with Molar Mass

How many grams are in 3.54 moles of He?

$$3.54 \text{ mol He} \times \frac{4 \text{ g He}}{1 \text{ mol He}} = 14.16 \text{ g He}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{He} \\ \hline \text{He} = 1 \times 4 = 4 \text{ g} \\ \hline 1 \text{ mol} \end{array}$$

$$14.2 \text{ g He}$$

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## Converting with Molar Mass

How many moles are in 238 g manganese (II) oxide?

$$238 \text{ g MnO} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol MnO}}{71 \text{ g MnO}} = 3.35 \text{ mol MnO}$$



$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Mn} = 1 \times 55 = 55 \text{ g/mol} \\ \text{O} = 1 \times 16 = 16 \text{ g/mol} \\ \hline 71 \text{ g/mol} \end{array}$$

$$3.35 \text{ mol MnO}$$

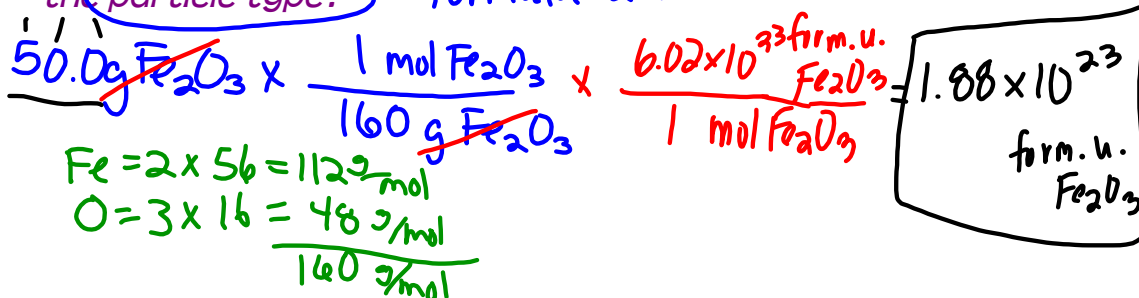
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## Calculations using multiple steps:

- Moles can convert you to any other unit.
- To convert between mass and particles, you need to go through moles!

### Practice:

How many particles are in 50.0 g of iron (III) oxide? What is the particle type? — formula units



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