Period:

## **Chemical Formulas of Ionic Compounds**

## What is a chemical formula?

Chemical formulas have two important parts: chemical symbols for the elements in the compound and subscripts that tell how many atoms of each element are needed to form the compound. The chemical formula for water, H<sub>2</sub>O, tells us that a water molecule is made of the elements hydrogen (H) and oxygen (O) and that it takes two atoms of hydrogen and one atom of oxygen to build the molecule.

## How to write chemical formulas

**Step 1:** Determine the number of valence electrons for each atom from the periodic table.

**Step 2:** Draw the dot diagram for each atom using the number of valence electrons.

**Step 3:** Move electrons from one atom to another, adding extra atoms as needed, until all atoms have full (or empty) outer shells (see example below).



Step 4: Look at the dot diagrams and write the chemical formula.

Compound #1	# of valence electrons	Dot Diagram		lon	Compound #2	# of valence electrons		Dot agram	Ion
Potassium				Gain or lose	Calcium (Ca)				Gain or lose
(K)				Cation or anion					Cation or anion
Chlorine				Gain or lose	Chlorine				Gain or lose
(CI)				Cation or anion	(CI)				Cation or anion
Transfer of electrons			Chemical Formula		Transfer of electro	Transfer of electrons		Chemical Formula	
Compound #3	# of valence electrons		Dot gram	lon	Compound #4	# of valence electrons	Dot Diagram		lon
Sodium (Na)				Gain or lose	Boron (B)				Gain or lose
(114)				Cation or anion					Cation or anion
Oxygen (O)				Gain or lose	Phosphoro us (P)				Gain or lose
				Cation or anion					Cation or anion
Transfer of Electrons			Chemical Formula		Transfer of Electro	Chemical Formula		ormula	
Compound # of		Dot		lon	Compound	pound # of		Dot	lon

#5	valence electrons	Dia	agram		#6	valence electrons	Dia	agram		
Lithium (Li)				Gain or lose	Aluminum (Al)				Gain or lose	
				Cation or anion					Cation or anion	
Sulfur (S)				Gain or lose	Oxygen (O)				Gain or lose	
				Cation or anion					Cation or anion	
Transfer of Electrons			Chemical F	ormula	Transfer of Electrons		Chemical Formula		ormula	
Compound #7	# of valence electrons		Dot agram	lon	Compound #8	# of valence electrons	Dot Diagram		lon	
Beryllium (Be)				Gain or lose	Calcium (Ca)		Gain o		Gain or lose	
()				Cation or anion					Cation or anion	
lodine (l)				Gain or lose	Nitrogen (N)				Gain or lose	
				Cation or anion					Cation or anion	
Transfer of Electrons Chemica				ormula	Transfer of Electrons			Chemical F	ormula	
Compound #9	# of valence electrons		Dot agram	lon	Compound #10	# of valence electrons	Dot Diagram		lon	
Sodium (Na)				Gain or lose	Magnesium (Mg)				Gain or lose	
				Cation or	(8)				Cation or	
Bromine (Br)				Gain or lose	Fluorine (F)				Gain or lose	
			I	Cation or anion				I	Cation or anion	
Transfer of Electrons			Chemical F	ormula	Transfer of Electrons			Chemical Formula		