Name:	Period:

Accel. Weekly Review #3

- 1. Determine the sign (+ or -) of ΔH in the processes below:
 - a. $H_2O(g) \rightarrow H_2O(s)$
 - b. $CO_2(I) \rightarrow CO_2(g)$
 - c. $O_2(s) \rightarrow O_2(g)$ _____

Substance	Specific Heat (J/g x °C)
H ₂ O (s)	2.03
H ₂ O (I)	4.184
H ₂ O (g)	2.01

2. How much energy is need to boil 25.0 g of water?

Water
$\Delta H_{fus} = 6.01 \text{ kJ/mol}$
$\Delta H_{vap} = 40.7 \text{ kJ/mol}$

- 3. What is the final temperature of a 10.5 g piece of copper (c = 0.385) at 25°C absorbs 150 J of energy?
- 4. How much energy is lost when freezing 5.6 g of water?
- 5. How much energy is lost when the temperature of 35.0 g of water decreases from 50.0°C to 25.0°C?
- 6. How many kilojoules of energy will be need to decompose 10.8 grams of N_2O_5 gas? Is this an exothermic or endothermic reaction?

$$2N_2O_5(g) + 110 \text{ kJ} \rightarrow 4NO_2(g) + O_2(g)$$

7. What is the heat change when 18.6 g of Hydrogen reacts with excess O₂ according to the following equation? Is this an exothermic or endothermic reaction?

$$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + 571.6kJ$$

8. Methane (CH₄) gas is used as a fuel for heating hot water in many of our homes. In addition it is the gas used to fuel the Bunsen burners in our lab. Write the thermochemical equation for the combustion of methane gas. The Δ H for methane is -890 kJ/mol.